1	UNITED STATES DISTRICT COURT
2	DISTRICT OF SOUTH DAKOTA
3	WESTERN DIVISION
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6	PLAINTIFF, AUGUST 5, 2011 VS. RAPID CITY, SOUTH DAKOTA
7	DICHMODE DUODO C CLEDC INC
8	RUSHMORE PHOTO & GIFTS, INC., JRE, INC., CAROL NIEMANN, PAUL A. NIEMANN, BRIAN M. NIEMANN,
9	DEFENDANTS.
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12	PARTIAL TRANSCRIPT OF TRO HEARING COURT'S RULING
13	BEFORE THE HONORABLE JEFFREY L. VIKEN,
14	UNITED STATES DISTRICT JUDGE
15	APPEARANCES:
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(Court's ruling.)

THE COURT: Thank you. Please be seated. I did review all the submissions by the parties in advance of the hearing today and I have now heard testimony of all witnesses presented both by the movants for injunctive relief as well as for the plaintiffs who seek injunctive relief in the case.

With regard to the credibility of witnesses, I find every witness who testified under oath sincerely held the views about which they testified. The question then becomes the relevancy or usefulness of the testimony with regard to the Dataphase factors. So this is not an instance, in my judgment, of credibility of anyone who is being untruthful or misleading, but I have to focus on the realities of the Dataphase factors. Of course, as I said at the beginning, injunctive relief is an extraordinary remedy and it must not be capable of a legal remedy; it's an equitable remedy, that is, money damages can't suffice to provide the protection sought by the party that asks for injunctive relief. Rather, it indeed has to be irreparable injury and the Dataphase factors must be analyzed.

So I will give you my findings, but on the state of this record I am going to deny the injunctive relief. I am going to do so based on the Dataphase factor which is bearing the most weight in the authority from the U.S.

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Court of Appeals for Eighth Circuit and that is the probability or likelihood that the movant here, Rushmore Photo, will succeed on the merits. Now, in saying this, I am not saying that in a trial on the merits that Rushmore Photo and the other defendants cannot succeed, but a trial on the merits would be a full examination and a full opportunity by all parties to the action to present evidence so that we have a complete record from which I could then make an additional decision with sufficient time to do so. In that setting, indeed, market studies may be offered both by the plaintiff and defendants in the case, or otherwise affect my judgment with regard to the validity of the mark. But if I look at probability or likelihood of the movant here to succeed on the merits, the burden hasn't been carried and here are the reasons why I conclude that.

First of all, the mark of February 22, 2011, for the word "Sturgis" is entitled to presumption under the Lanham Act that it's valid; and that's Aromatique, Incorporated versus Gold Seal, Incorporated, 28 F.3d 863; it's the Eighth Circuit in 1994, but it's well-established law under the Lanham Act that a certificate of registration, which is Exhibit A attached to plaintiff's complaint, is prima facie evidence of validity of a registered mark, and the registration of the mark, and the registrant's ownership of the mark, and the registrant's JUDITH M. THOMPSON

exclusive right to use the registered mark in commerce or in connection with goods and services specified in the certificate.

Now, there are a number of things that Exhibit A, the registration of February 22, 2011, is not. It is not the exclusive right to use the name "Sturgis" in connection with the place name. In fact, it's not anything other than the scope of registration number 3923284. And in each class of goods for which the word "Sturgis" is trademarked, each class of goods includes the phrase "all of the aforementioned goods relating to the Sturgis Motorcycle Rally." That is, the Sturgis mark relates to goods and services and the matters -- the classes described in the registration related to the Sturgis Rally. Not a place name, not selling a map with the name Sturgis on it or any other matter. It's very specific and it's limited, which is the purpose of the Lanham Act, and the presumption is to protect the intellectual property interest of a registered party. So objections to that registration are subject to public notice and an opportunity to be heard. objections are either defeated or sustained and the mark is either registered or it's not. In this case, the mark was registered, and that's Exhibit A to the plaintiff's complaint.

I do not find that there's been carrying of the JUDITH M. THOMPSON (605) 348-8610 FAX (605) 343-6842

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burden to defeat the presumption with regard to the secondary meaning of the Sturgis mark.

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Now, at a trial on the merits I suspect that we will hear evidence, and it may be that I as the finder of fact I may be persuaded otherwise, but on the state of this record, I cannot reach that conclusion.

The second basis to attack the mark in terms of likelihood of success on the merits is, of course, the fraud claim that the mark was obtained by fraudulent means. Well, that takes us to a case called 3-M Company versus Intertape Polymer Group, Incorporated; it's a District of Minnesota 2006 opinion; it sets out the elements of what one must show to overcome a registration based on fraud, and there are many other cases, but this one is at 423 F. Supp. 2d, 958, District of Minnesota 2006. And it instructs us that a claim of fraudulent procurement has two elements. First, false material misrepresentation of the fact; and second, that such statements were knowingly made with the intent to deceive. Well, on the state of the present record, I cannot make a finding that those elements have been carried by the movant in this case. Now we have got this document which has been blown up and indeed, there is a phrase on it that no one really has referred to, but it all relates to, in paragraph 4, not only the promotion of the rally, but also relates to the purchasing public has JUDITH M. THOMPSON

come to identify the Sturgis mark with the source of the Sturgis Chamber's rally products and its rally promotion and entertainment services to recognize that the Sturgis mark distinguishes Sturgis Chamber rally products and promotion and entertainment services from those sold by others.

There really hasn't been any attack launched on that submission to the patent trademark office in this hearing that the goods are separate from others. Now, there is some circumstantial evidence that that's indeed true; I think the movant's own hang tags which indicate that their products are authorized licensed Sturgis goods is some indication and they have been using it for some period of time. But that does have a value and it is a distinguishable product.

There also has been testimony here from Mr. Kinney and Mr. Brengle that for a period of years the Chamber of Commerce and other predecessors to the present owners of the mark engaged in enforcement activities, engaged in licensing activities, and attempted to create a class of goods ultimately registered in February of 2011 which were intellectual property and had an interest which has the presumption of enforceability.

So on the key element of the Dataphase factors, I do find that the probability or likelihood that the movant ${\tt JUDITH\ M.\ THOMPSON}$

will succeed on the merits or have a fair chance of succeeding on the merits so as to justify the relief of an injunction of the mark has not been met.

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Well, then, to move to the other Dataphase factors of the threat of irreparable harm to the movant if injunctive relief is not granted; and secondly, which is capable of being combined, the state of balance between the harm to Rushmore Photo and injury that granting the injunction will inflict on other parties litigant; that's the reality that is in this testimony and I think testimony presented by witnesses for both parties that certainly more than 50 percent, somewhere between 70, 80, and perhaps a higher percentage of Main Street Sturgis vendors are selling licensed goods under this mark, and the mark has been previously protected by predecessors and interests and enforced by some of those holders. And so that does show that in terms of harm to the public, we have a body of licensees who believe that they have an exclusive product to sell; it's been licensed; they have paid for the license; and the market would either be diluted, damaged, or affected by inferior or infringing goods if I restrain the enforceability of the Sturgis mark.

The other part here, if we look at the harm, the rally is in part or perhaps even largely funded in terms of its ability to be produced and run successfully, partly JUDITH M. THOMPSON

funded by the royalties flowing from the Sturgis mark; and
I believe if we eliminated that, that there would be harm
done. The charities that have been listed both in
testimony and in the plaintiff's submission in their brief,
those are community charities that also benefit. That ties
in, of course, to the public interest.

What is the public interest here? The public interest with regard to enforcing the mark so that the royalties can flow into the entities which have been identified, that is, a production and successful holding and hosting of the rally by the city of Sturgis and the charities which benefit the public interest certainly weighs in favor of protecting those interests.

So overall on the state of this record, without more, and in the context of a temporary restraining order and request for preliminary injunction, I do find that the request for injunctive relief must be denied.

Now, I propose to develop a schedule with the parties to move as promptly as the parties wish to do so both with regard to the pending motion to dismiss counterclaims and getting us to a trial on the merits. If there's urgency with regard to a trial on the merits and parties can indicate some schedule within which discovery can be completed in the event the motion to dismiss counterclaim is denied, we will frame up this lawsuit and JUDITH M. THOMPSON

1	try those issues which remain, either all of them or the
2	ones which remain; we will try to do so promptly.
3	So with that, I look forward to working through
4	the balance of the case. And again, I appreciate very much
5	the hard work of both parties.
6	Is there anything further, Mr. Davis, on behalf
7	of the moving party in this matter?
8	MR. DAVIS: No, Your Honor.
9	THE COURT: Anything further, Mr. Sneed, with
10	regard to the plaintiff's position?
1,1	MR. SNEED: No, Your Honor.
12	THE COURT: Very well. Thank you for the
1,3	presentations and I look forward to working through the
14	balance of the case with the parties. Court is adjourned.
15	(Court adjourned at 9:20 p.m.)
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1	COURT REPORTER'S CERTIFICATE
2	STATE OF SOUTH DAKOTA)
3	SS COUNTY OF PENNINGTON)
4	I, Judith M. Thompson, R.P.R., Official Court Reporter in
5	and for the United States District Court, District of South
6	Dakota,
7	DO HEREBY CERTIFY that I acted as such Court Reporter at
8	the Hearing of the within-entitled action, and that the
9	foregoing partial transcript, pages 1 to 10, inclusive, is a
10	true and complete transcript of my shorthand notes taken at
11	said hearing.
12	Dated at Rapid City, South Dakota, this 9th day of August,
13	2011.
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15	
16	/s/
17	Judith M. Thompson, R.P.R.
18	Official Court Reporter
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